

United States History Vocabulary (1st Semester)

I. Colonial Era

Examine 17th century life in the early Spanish, French, Dutch and English colonies, and why these colonies were founded (AKS 30)

1. Virginia Company
2. Powhatan
3. House of Burgesses
4. Bacon's Rebellion
5. King Phillip's War
6. Mayflower Compact
7. Fundamental Orders of Connecticut
8. half-way covenant
9. Salem Witch Trials
10. Peter Stuyvesant

Trace the ways that the economy and society of British North America developed (AKS 31)

11. Mercantilism
12. Trans-Atlantic trade
13. Middle Passage
14. Benjamin Franklin (as a symbol of social mobility)
15. the Great Awakening

II. Revolution

Explain the primary causes of the American Revolution (AKS 32)

16. French and Indian War
17. 1763 Treat of Paris
18. Proclamation of 1763

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- 19. Stamp Act
- 20. Boston Massacre
- 21. Boston Tea Party
- 22. Intolerable Acts
- 23. Sons and Daughters of Liberty
- 24. Committees of Correspondence
- 25. Enlightenment
- 26. Thomas Paine's Common Sense
- 27. salutary neglect

Identify the ideological, military, and diplomatic aspects of the American Revolution (AKS 33)

- 28. Declaration of Independence
- 29. The Enlightenment
- 30. John Locke
- 31. Montesquieu
- 32. Thomas Jefferson
- 33. Marquis de Lafayette and Ben Franklin's role in French Alliance
- 34. George Washington (as military leader)
 - a. the creation of a professional military
 - b. the crossing of the Delaware River
 - c. Valley Forge
- 35. Lexington and Concord
- 36. Saratoga
- 37. Yorktown

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38. Lord Cornwallis

39. Treaty of Paris of 1783

III. Formation of a New Nation

Analyze the development of American Constitutional government, explaining its relationship to the Enlightenment and describe how the early national leaders implemented the new government (AKS 34)

40. Articles of Confederation

41. Daniel Shays' Rebellion

42. Constitution

43. Great Compromise

44. separation of powers

45. 3/5 Compromise

46. anti-Federalist

47. Federalists

48. Federalists Papers

49. check and balances

50. Alexander Hamilton

51. James Madison

52. Bill of Rights

53. President George Washington

a. Whiskey Rebellion

b. non-intervention in Europe

c. development of political parties (including Alexander Hamilton's and Thomas Jefferson's roles)

54. President John Adams

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55. XYZ Affair

56. Hamilton's financial system

57. Marbury v. Madison

Analyze the nature of territorial and population growth and its impact in the early decades of the new nation (AKS 35)

58. Northwest Ordinance

59. Land Ordinance

60. Louisiana Purchase

61. Lewis and Clark

62. War of 1812

63. Erie Canal

Explain the process of economic growth in the first half of the 19th century, its regional and national impact and the different responses to it (AKS 36)

64. Eli Whitney's inventions

- a. cotton gin
- b. interchangeable parts for muskets

65. Reform movements

- a. temperance
- b. abolitionism
- c. public schools
- d. women's suffrage

66. Elizabeth Cady Stanton

67. Seneca Falls Convention

68. Jacksonian Democracy

- a. Expansion of suffrage

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- b. the rise of popular political culture
- c. development of American nationalism (Know Nothing Party)

IV. **Growth, Change, Crisis, Compromise, and Conflict**

Explain the relationship between westward expansion and the rise of sectionalism

- 69. Free Soil Party
- 70. Republican Party
- 71. Nat Turner
- 72. William Lloyd Garrison
- 73. Frederick Douglas
- 74. Uncle Tom's Cabin
- 75. the Grimke sisters
- 76. Missouri Compromise
- 77. the Compromise of 1850
- 78. popular sovereignty
- 79. Nullification Crisis
- 80. John C. Calhoun
- 81. Manifest Destiny
- 82. California gold rush
- 83. War with Mexico
- 84. the Wilmot Proviso

Identify the key events, issues and individuals relating to the causes, course and consequences of the Civil War (AKS 38)

- 85. Kansas-Nebraska Act
- 86. Dred Scott case

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- 87. John Brown's raid on Harper's Ferry
- 88. the election of 1860
- 89. President Lincoln's efforts to preserve the Union
 - a. decision to suspend habeas corpus
 - b. Gettysburg Address
 - c. second inaugural address
- 90. Ulysses S. Grant
- 91. Robert E. Lee
- 92. Thomas "Stonewall" Jackson
- 93. William T. Sherman
- 94. Jefferson Davis
- 95. Fort Sumter
- 96. Antietam
- 97. Vicksburg
- 98. Gettysburg
- 99. Battle for Atlanta
- 100. Appomattox
- 101. Emancipation Proclamation

Identify the legal, political and social dimensions of Reconstruction (AKS 39)

- 102. Presidential Reconstruction
- 103. Radical Reconstruction
- 104. Freedmen's Bureau
- 105. 13th Amendment
- 106. 14th Amendment

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- 107. 15th Amendment
- 108. Black Codes
- 109. Ku Klux Klan
- 110. Andrew Johnson
- 111. Tweed Ring

V. Urbanization, Immigration, Industrialization and Imperialism

Describe the growth of big business and technological innovations after Reconstruction (AKS 40)

- 112. John D. Rockefeller
- 113. Andrew Carnegie
- 114. monopolies
- 115. Thomas Edison

Analyze important consequences of American industrial growth (AKS 41)

- 116. Ellis Island
- 117. Chinese Exclusion Act of 1882
- 118. Knights of Labor
- 119. American Federation of Labor
- 120. Samuel Gompers
- 121. Battle of Wounded Knee
- 122. Strikes
 - a. Homestead
 - b. Haymarket Square
 - c. Pullman
- 123. Populism

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Identify major efforts to reform American society and politics in the Progressive Era (AKS 42)

- 124. *The Jungle*
- 125. Jane Addams
- 126. Jim Crow laws
- 127. Plessy v. Ferguson
- 128. NAACP
- 129. Ida Tarbell's
- 130. muckrakers
- 131. progressive reforms
 - a. initiative
 - b. recall
 - c. referendum
 - d. direct election of senators